Relationships and Sex Education Policy

Settle and Malhamdale Primary Partnership of Schools





Approved by:	[Settle and Malhamdale Primary Federation]	Date: [24 th March 2021)
Last reviewed on:	Parent Consultation	
Next review due by:	September 2023	

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1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017.</u>

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

Settle and Malhamdale Primary Federation teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review the Executive Headteacher, Mr Wright and PSHE Curriculum Lead, Mrs King formed a working group involving Senior Leaders from both schools to pull together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance.
- 2. Governor consultation all school governors were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 4. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were given the opportunity to view the draft proposal of the policy and parents invited to provide feedback using a consultation feedback form. Opportunities to meet with the headteacher directly were also welcomed, with a wider meeting set up for parents at both schools if this was deemed appropriate.
- 5. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
- 6. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was again shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

Settle and Malhamdale Primary Federation only provide relationships education and only teach sex education that is covered in the science curriculum. RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

The curriculum will be developed and adapted in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils.

If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will take place during Year 6 and will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained teacher and/or health professional as appropriate in Year 6.

Relationships education takes place throughout the primary years and focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- > Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from any non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 8) should they arise.

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Following the agreed school policy and approach
- > Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

PSHE and RSE will be overseen by the Headteacher and Mrs King (PSHE Lead) and Year 6 delivery will be managed by Miss Thompson (Settle) and Mr Bell/Mrs Allen (Kirkby Malham Primary).

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from any non-statutory/non-science components of sex education that might be introduced within RSE.

At present our policy does not contain content that is non-statutory or non-science curriculum.

9. Training

Staff will be trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it will be included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Executive Headteacher, PSHE Lead and Senior Leaders through: planning scrutiny, learning walks, work scrutiny, pupil and parent feedback.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the Executive Headteacher annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing board.

Richard Wright Executive Headteacher March 2021 Appendix 1 (a) : Curriculum map

Relationships and sex education curriculum map

Please see Settle and Malhamdale Primary Federation Long term plan utilizing SCARF learning resources – the areas highlighted in colour is where we ask staff to take care with vocabulary and to ensure vocabulary used coincides with our Federation checklist (Appendix 1b)

Appendix 1 (b): Vocabulary

Please see attached the Federation Vocabulary List (in excel) highlighting terms covered in each year group.

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who care about me	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	• That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring friendships	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW	
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs	
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships	
	The conventions of courtesy and manners	
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness	
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority	
	• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help	
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive	
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults	
Online relationships	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not	
	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous	
	• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them	
	• How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met	
	How information and data is shared and used online	
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)	
	• About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe	
	• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact	
	• How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know	
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult	
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard	
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so	
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources	

Relationships and Sex Education Policy – consultation feedback based on the draft policy document





Settle and Malhamdale Primary Federation – Family feedback

Having read the draft copy of our Federation Relationships and Sex Education Policy and viewed the appendices, please let us know your family feedback highlighting any parent or child concerns or needs using the feedback sheet provided below. Any stakeholder who wishes to discuss this policy in person, may do so by contacting the Executive Headteacher, Mr Richard Wright, directly.

THE PARENT CONSULTATION PERIOD LASTS FROM FRIDAY 26TH MARCH 2021 TO FRIDAY 16TH APRIL 2021

Family Feedback Sheet

Are you happy with the school policy document relating to Relationships and Sex Education as outlined above?

Yes No

Please provide any feedback below.

Signed Printed Name