

Year 1 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Identify known phonemes in unfamiliar words. Use syllables to divide words when spelling. Write a simple dictated sentence. Handwriting Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly Form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place 	 Compose a sentence orally before writing it. Leave spaces between words. 	Sentence Structure Combine words to make a sentence. Text Structure Sequence sentences to form a narrative. Punctuation Separate words using finger spaces. Use capital letters to start a sentence. Use a full stop.
Spring Term	 Spelling Use alternative phonemes to narrow down possibilities for accurate spelling. Spell the days of the week. Use the spelling rule for adding 's' or 'es' for verbs in the 3rd person singular. Handwriting Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these 	 Sequence sentences in chronological order to recount an event or experience. Re-read writing to check it makes sense. Discuss writing with a peer or adult. 	Sentence Structure Combine words to make a sentence. Text Structure Sequence sentences to form a narrative. Punctuation Use capital letters for names. Use 'I'.
Summer Term		 Know how the prefix 'un' can be added to words to change meaning. Use the suffixes 'ing', 'ed', 'er' and 'est' in writing. Read aloud writing clearly to peers and adults. 	Sentence Structure Join two sentences using 'and'. Text Structure Sequence sentences to form a narrative. Punctuation Use a question mark. Use an exclamation mark.



Year 2 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Segment spoken words into phonemes and record these as graphemes. Identify phonemes in unfamiliar words and use syllables to divide words. Handwriting Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another. Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters. 	 Orally rehearse structured sentences or sequences of sentences. Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others, both real and fictional. Write for different purposes, including real events. 	 Sentence Structure Use expanded noun phrases. Text Structure Consistently use the present tense and past tense correctly. Punctuation Use capital letters for names of people, places, day of the week and the personal pronoun '1'.
Spring Term	 Spelling Spell words with alternatives spellings, including a few common homophones. Spell longer words using suffixes such as 'ment', 'ness', 'ful', 'less', 'ly'. Handwriting Use capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters. 	 Plan and discuss the content of writing and record ideas. Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others, both real and fictional. Read aloud own writing with intonation. 	 Sentence Structure Use subordination and co-ordination – and, but, so, or, when, if, that, because. Text Structure Consistently use the present tense and past tense correctly. Punctuation Correctly use question marks and exclamation marks.
Summer Term	 Spelling Use knowledge of alternative phonemes to narrow down possibilities for accurate spelling. Spell Year1 & 2 common exception words. Spell more words with contracted forms. Handwriting Begin to use some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters. Know and show which letters are best left unjoined. 	 Use verbs to indicate time correctly and consistently. Evaluate own writing independently, with friends and with an adult. Proof-read to check for errors in spellings, grammar and punctuation. 	 Sentence Structure Say how the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function. Text Structure Use the progressive forms of verbs in the present and past tense. Punctuation Use commas to separate items in a list. Use apostrophes to show where letters are missing and to mark singular possession in nouns.



Year 3 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Spell words with additional prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them to root words. Recognise and spell homophones. Handwriting Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters. 	 Discuss models of writing, noting its structure, grammatical features and use of vocabulary. Compose sentences using a wider range of structures. Write a narrative with a clear structure, setting, characters and plot. 	 Sentence Structure Express time, place and cause by using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions. Text Structure Start to use paragraphs. Punctuation Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.
Spring Term	 Spelling Use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary. Spell words correctly which are in a family. Handwriting Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters. 	 Write non-narrative using simple organisational devices such as headings and sub-headings. Suggest improvements to my own writing and that of others. Make improvements to grammar, vocabulary and punctuation. 	 Sentence Structure Express time, place and cause by using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions. Text Structure Use headings and sub-headings. Punctuation Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.
Summer Term	 Spelling Spell the commonly mis-spelt words from the Y3/4 word list. Identify the root in longer words. Handwriting Understand which letters should be left unjoined. 	 Use a range of sentences with more than one clause by using a range of conjunctions. Use the perfect form of verbs to mark the relationship of times and cause. Proof-read to check for errors in spelling and punctuation. 	 Sentence Structure Express time, place and cause by using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions. Text Structure Use the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past. Punctuation Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.



Year 4 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Spell words with prefixes and suffixes and add them to root words. Handwriting Handwriting is legible and consistent; down strokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch. 	 Compose sentences using a range of sentence structures. Orally rehearse a sentence or a sequence of sentences. 	 Sentence Structure Use noun phrases which are expanded by adding modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases. Text Structure Write in paragraphs. Punctuation Use in verted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech.
Spring Term	 Spelling Spell words with prefixes and suffixes and add them to root words. Use the first two or three letters of a word to check a spelling in a dictionary. Handwriting Handwriting is legible and consistent; down strokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch. 	 Write a narrative with a clear structure, setting and plot. Use direct speech in writing and punctuate it correctly. Improve my writing by changing grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency. 	 Sentence Structure Use noun phrases which are expanded by adding modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases. Text Structure Write in paragraphs. Punctuation Use in verted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech.
Summer Term	 Spelling Recognise and spell homophones Spell the commonly mis-spelt words from the Y3/4 word list. Handwriting Handwriting is legible and consistent; down strokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch. 	 Use appropriate nouns and pronouns within and across sentences to support cohesion and avoid repetition. Use a range of sentences which have more than one clause. 	 Sentence Structure Use fronted adverbials. Text Structure Make an appropriate choice of pronoun and noun within and across sentences. Punctuation Use commas after fronted adverbials. Use apostrophes to mark plural possession.



Year 5 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Use the first 3 or 4 letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both in a dictionary. Use a thesaurus. Handwriting Continue to produce legible joined handwriting in all areas of my learning. 	 Discuss the audience and purpose of the writing. Start sentences in different ways. Use the correct features and sentence structure matched to text types. 	 Sentence Structure Use adverbs or modal verbs to indicate a degree of possibility. Text Structure Build cohesion between paragraphs. Punctuation Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity.
Spring Term	 Spelling Form verbs with prefixes. Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs by adding a suffix. Understand the rules for adding prefixes and suffixes. Handwriting Continue to produce legible joined handwriting in all areas of my learning. 	 Develop characters through action and dialogue. Establish a viewpoint as the writer through commenting on characters and events. Use stylistic devices to create effects in writing. 	 Sentence Structure Use relative clauses. Text Structure Build cohesion between paragraphs. Punctuation Use brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis.
Summer Term	 Spelling Spell words with silent letters. Distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused. Spell the commonly mis-spelt words from the Y5/6 word list. Use a range of spelling strategies. Handwriting Continue to produce legible joined handwriting in all areas of my learning. 	 Use grammar and vocabulary to create an impact on the reader. Add well-chosen detail to interest the reader. Summarise a paragraph. Organise writing into paragraphs to show different information or events. 	Sentence Structure Use relative clauses. Text Structure Use adverbials to link paragraphs. Punctuation Use brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis.



Year 6 End Points: Writing

	Transcription	Composition	Grammar and Punctuation
Autumn Term	 Spelling Use any dictionary or thesaurus. Understand that the spelling of some words need to be learnt specifically. Handwriting Maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed, choosing whether or not to join specific letters. 	 Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing. Use a range of sentence starters to create specific effects. Use character, dialogue and action to advance events in narrative writing. Use developed noun phrases to add detail to sentences. 	 Sentence Structure Vary sentence structure depending whether formal or informal. Text Structure Use a variety of organisational and presentational devices correct to the text type. Punctuation Use the semi-colon, colon and dash.
Spring Term	 Spelling Distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused. Handwriting Maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed, choosing whether or not to join specific letters. 	 Use commas to mark phrases and clauses. Sustain and develop ideas logically in narrative and non-narrative writing. 	Sentence Structure Use the passive voice. Text Structure Write in paragraphs which can clearly signal a change in subject, time, place or event. Punctuation Use the colon to introduce a list and semicolon within lists.
Summer Term	 Spelling Use a range of spelling strategies. Spell the commonly mis-spelt words from the Y5/6 word list. Convert verbs into nouns by adding a suffix. Handwriting Maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed, choosing whether or not to join specific letters. 	 Choose the appropriate form and register for the audience and purpose of the writing. Use the passive voice to present information with a different emphasis. Use grammatical structures and features and choose vocabulary appropriate to the audience, purpose and degree of formality to make meaning clear and create effect. Summarise a text, conveying key information in writing. 	 Sentence Structure Vary sentence structure depending whether formal or informal. Text Structure Use a variety of organisational and presentational devices correct to the text type. Punctuation Use a hyphen to avoid ambiguity.